#### Letter ID: 077 (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=077)

From: George Talbot, sixth earl of Shrewsbury (Sheffield, Yorkshire);

To: Bess of Hardwick; Date: June 19 [c. 1575?]

Summary: George, sixth earl of Shrewsbury, writes to his wife, Bess (countess of Shrewsbury), about the offal (edible animal parts) he sends her weekly and conflicts between their building works due to scarcity of workmen, which she tends to keep for herself. He also welcomes her son (which son is not specified) and his wife's upcoming visit, and asks her to take orders for linens which are currently missing in the house.

Archive: Folger Shakespeare Library, Cavendish-Talbot MSS, X.d.428 (99)

Delivery status: to Bess, sent

Letter features: papered seal, embossed with a Talbot dog passant (for the earls of Shrewsbury, a play on the family name Talbot) surrounded by the motto of the Order of the Garter 'Honi soit qui mal y pense' ('Shame be to him who thinks evil of this') Ribbon/floss – no. Letter packet - slit and band

Hands: George Talbot, sixth earl of Shrewsbury | archivist |

Version: 1.0

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### People Associated with Letter 077: George Talbot, sixth earl of Shrewsbury

George Talbot, sixth earl of Shrewsbury (c.1522-90), was the eldest and only surviving son of Francis Talbot, fifth earl of Shrewsbury (1500-60), and his first wife, Mary (d.1538). In 1538, at the age of sixteen, he took up the title of Lord Talbot, until he succeeded to the earldom after his father's death twenty-two years later. In 1539 he married his first wife, Gertrude (née Manners; d.1566/7), with whom he had seven children: four daughters and three sons. Early on he acquired a number of honours stemming from his family's well-established prominence in the north: knight bachelor (1547), member of the council of the north (1549), knight of the Garter (1561), and lord lieutenant of Yorkshire, Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire (1565). Following the death of his first wife, he married Bess, then the widow of William St Loe (c.1520-65?), in 1567. At this point Shrewsbury was one of the wealthiest men in England, derived from his estates and also business adventuring in farming, shipping, coal-mining, glassworks and lead extraction and production. Soon after his marriage to Bess, however, he was appointed keeper of Mary Queen of Scots, a custodianship he would hold from 1569-84. Shrewsbury prided himself on his loyalty to Elizabeth I, but he soon found her reluctant to provide sufficient diet money to keep Mary and her retinue. This, in addition to the monies needed for expensive building projects (at Worksop and Chatsworth), and his eldest son Gilbert's debts led to serious financial anxiety for Shrewsbury. Furthermore, he was forced to remain with Mary at all times and was therefore losing his place at court. As Shrewsbury's stresses grew and he became increasingly irascible, his marriage with Bess broke down spectacularly amid quarrelling to do with family finances and the allocation of estates. Scandal and mutual bad-mouthing soon became very public and the queen herself intervened, eventually dictating that Shrewsbury pay Bess a regular income (from 1587), while the two lived apart. Shrewsbury was an ill man for many years and suffered with a severe rheumatic condition, what he referred to as 'gout', which contributed to his terrible handwriting. He died in the company of his mistress, Elinor Bretton, at Sheffield Manor, on 18 November 1590, after being administered a mercury cure. His son Gilbert Talbot succeeded him as the seventh earl of Shrewsbury.

Other letters associated with George Talbot, sixth earl of Shrewsbury:

28 June [1568?] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=64)
[December 1568] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=65)
13 December [1568] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=66)
[1569?] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=67)
[1570s?] (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=184)
[c. 1570] (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=9)
[1570] (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=178)
[1570s] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=203)
[c. 1570] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=68)

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4 November 1570 (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=226)
4 November 1570 (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=171)
[c. 1571] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=70)
[c. 1571] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=69)
[1574?] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=72)
[1574?] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=71)
8 August 1574 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=73)
[c. 1575?] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=76)
[c. 1575] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=75)
[1575-7] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=245)
7 June 1575 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=74)
20 February 1575/6 (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=165)
19 November [1576?] (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=115)
[1577] (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=183)
[1577] (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=182)
18 May [1577?] (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=109)
4 June 1577 (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=221)
25 June 1577 (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=172)
14 May 1578 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=188)
[30 June 1578?] (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=83)
2 August 1578 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=197)
28 December 1578 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=193)
13 February 1578/9 (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=166)
28 February 1578/9 (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=174)
22 June 1579 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=189)
17 January 1579/80 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=190)
13 May 1580 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=194)
21 June 1580 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=78)
11 September 1580 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=154)
10 October 1580 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=79)
8 February 1581/2 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=195)
4 August 1584 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=119)
26 August [1584] (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=116)
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- 14 October [1585] (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=229)
- 23 October 1585 (Author)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=117)
- 9 June 1586 (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=176)
- 4 August 1586 (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=202)
- [April 1587] (Recipient)(URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=186)

### People Associated with Letter 077: Bess of Hardwick

Born Elizabeth Hardwick (in c.1521/2, d. 13 February 1608), the woman known to posterity as Bess of Hardwick married four times during her life, as a result of which her name changed from Hardwick to Barlow (or Barley), Cavendish, St Loe and then finally (when she was countess of Shrewsbury and then dowager countess) Talbot. As one of the five children of John Hardwick (1495-1528) of Hardwick, Derbyshire, and his first wife, Elizabeth (née Leake), Bess had three sisters (Mary, Jane and Alice) and one brother (James). The Hardwicks were established Derbyshire gentry who had inherited a modest manor house and c.400 acres in and around Hardwick. But when John died in 1528, and their lands were seized by the crown, Bess faced hardship. Bess's mother quickly remarried but her new husband, Ralph Leche of Chatsworth, Derbyshire, brought little land or money to the marriage, and three more daughters were born (Bess's half-sisters Elizabeth, Jane and Margaret). Little else is known of Bess's childhood but, while still young, she was married for the first time, to Robert Barlow (or Barley) of Barlow, Derbyshire, sometime in or before 1543. Barlow died in 1544 and Bess received a small inheritance. In 1547 she married the twice-widowed Sir William Cavendish, treasurer of the king's chamber. Bess and Cavendish had eight children, six of whom survived: Frances (1548), Henry (1550), William (1551, from whom the dukes of Devonshire are descended), Charles (1553, from whom the dukes of Newcastle and Portland are descended), Elizabeth (1554) and Mary (1556). Probably due to a mixture of affection and shared social ambition, Bess's second marriage was happy and fortuitous. She was now moving in courtly circles and experiencing (for the first time) considerable wealth. In 1549 Cavendish and Bess bought the estate of Chatsworth, which was held jointly in both their names and which he and then Bess, following Cavendish's death in 1557, ambitiously rebuilt. Soon after her second husband's death, and sometime before Elizabeth I's accession (in 1558), Bess married Sir William St Loe, a wealthy widower of ancient noble pedigree. St Loe was captain of the guard to the young queen and in addition to further improving Bess's finances, he also brought her into the queen's inner circle and she served briefly as a gentlewoman of the queen's privy chamber (in 1559). The marriage seems to have not been without affection; however, the two would have spent most of it apart - he serving the queen in London and Bess mostly at Chatsworth. Upon St Loe's death (probably in 1565), Bess inherited most of the estate. In 1567 Bess married for a final time, to George Talbot, sixth earl of Shrewsbury, one of the richest and most powerful men in England. To consolidate the union of their fortunes, the couple had Bess's eldest son, Henry, marry Shrewsbury's daughter (from his previous marriage), and Shrewsbury's eldest son, Gilbert (later the seventh earl), marry Bess's daughter, Mary. Also around this time, Shrewsbury was appointed to be the keeper of Mary Queen of Scots (from 1568-84). At first, relations between Bess and the Catholic Scottish queen seem to have been amicable; however, relations deteriorated all around as Bess's marriage to Shrewsbury broke down in the 1580s. An infamously nasty and highly public legal battle over estates ensued and finally the courts resolved that Shrewsbury provide Bess with a sizeable income from 1587 onwards (Shrewsbury died in 1590). In 1582, Bess took charge of the upbringing of her orphaned granddaughter, Arbella Stuart (1575-1615), claimant to the English

and Scottish crowns. In 1587, Bess undertook her remarkable building works at Hardwick: the house now known as Hardwick Old Hall was complete by 1591; next to it, the extraordinary building now known as Hardwick New Hall was complete by 1599 and is one of the greatest architectural ventures of Elizabethan England. It was at Hardwick that Bess spent most of the remainder of her life, much of it devoted to caring for and managing Arbella, who came to loathe her existence in Derbyshire and devised several bizarre plans for her escape (to Bess's great distress). Bess also quarrelled with her eldest son, Henry, and disinherited both him and Arbella in her will. She left most of her estate to her beloved and faithful son, William Cavendish, who continued her great dynasty into the seventeenth century.

#### Other letters associated with Sheffield, Yorkshire

27 Aug 1567 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=114) 3 May 1571 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=29) 8 Aug 1574 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=73) 7 Jun 1575 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=74) [Oct 1575?] (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=218) 13 Oct 1575 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=217) 29 Mar 1576 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=103) 27 Jun [1576?] (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=110) 18 May [1577?] (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=109) 1 Aug 1577 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=85) 17 Mar 1578 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=120) 14 May 1578 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=188) 29 Dec 1578 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=123) 17 Jan 1580 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=190) 13 May 1580 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=194) 21 Jun 1580 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=78) 31 Jan 1581 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=228) 31 Jan 1581 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=227) 28 Nov 1581 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=104) 28 Jan 1582 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=144) 28 Jan 1582 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=162) 8 Feb 1582 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=195) 6 May 1582 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=146) 6 May 1582 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=145) 10 Jun 1582 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=105) 24 Nov [1582?] (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=204)

- 7 Feb 1583 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=148)
- 4 Aug 1584 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=119)
- 23 Oct 1585 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=117)
- 19 Dec 1590 (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=231)
- 14 Apr [1600?] (origin) (URL: http://www.bessofhardwick.org/letter.jsp?letter=2)

#### Normalised view of Letter 077

To my wyfe the countes of Shrewsbury

My dere none I have Resevyd your lettar persevyng thereby you were lothe to lees the offall of my beste I kyll wekely/ surely it were bettar for you to have the hole boddes & the offall to/ than wekely to send & bettar could I lyke it & sure I Am more honor there is in it/ & lesse proffett to you to have nothynge lost .../ & surely consyderenge the waverenges of your sum/ I have no delyt more cost shuldbe bestoid there/ & assure your celfe I can nott lyke to have you vndo your celfe/ & hyndar me & my workes to bestowe my men in worke there & you to kepe so many men as you doo/ consyderenge my byldenge I begyne/ & how I shall nott be Abell to furnysche you with coron & leves as I have done tyll that be fenyshed/ I am gladd your sunne wylbe Advysed by you & to send for his wyfe for there beenge here for the xij dayes therein doo As you lyke beste it shall ples me/ I pray you tak ordar for the plate & damask & dyeper napkens & shetes that there may be brought/ for here is nethar damask nor dyeper napkens in the house/ I Am mych in dout it wylbe thersday next before we can Remove because of wedensday is sent Ihonas daye/ farewell my only Ioye Sheffeld this frydaye At x of the cloke

Your fethefull husband

**G** Shrewsbury

wysche me with you/ you Arr nott forgotten here by your frends/ thow well worthy to be so longe Awaye

### **Diplomatic view of Letter 077**

[Address Leaf]

To my wyfe the countes of Shrewsbury

[Letter Text]

[Letter Text: Notes]

X.d.428

(99) [Item number, hand: archivist]

78 [Old foliation/item number, hand: archivist]

157 [Old foliation, hand: archivist]

My dere none I have Resevyd yo<sup>r</sup> lettar p*er*sevyng thereby you were lothe to lees my the offall of my beste I kyll wekely/ surely if it were bettar for you to have the hole boddes & the offall to/ than wekely to send & bettar could I lyke it & sure I Am more [deletion] honor there is in it/ & lesse proffett to you ^to have nothynge lost ... ^ / & surely consyderenge the waverenges of yor sum/ I have no delyt more cost shuldbe bestoid there/ & assure yor celfe I can nott lyke to have you vndo yo' celfe/ & hyndar me & my workes to bestowe my men in worke there & you to kepe so many men as you doo/ consyderenge my byldenge I begyne/ & how I shall nott be Abell to furnysche you w<sup>t</sup> coron & leves as I have done tyll that be fenyshed/ I am gladd yo<sup>r</sup> sunne wylbe Advysed by you & to send for his wyfe for there beenge here [deletion] for the xij dayes therein doo As you lyke beste it shall ples me/ I pray you tak ordar for the plate & shet damask & dyeper napkens & shetes that there may be brought/ for here is nethar damask nor dyeper napkens in the house/ I Am mych in dout it wylbe thersday next before we can Remove because of wedensday is sent Ihonas daye/ farewell my only Ioye Sheffeld this frydaye At x of the cloke

Yor fethefull husband

G Shrewsbury 8

wysche me w<sup>t</sup> [deletion] you/ you Arr nott forgotten here by yo<sup>r</sup> frends/ thow well worthy to be so longe Awaye

Version: 1.0