

Gal. 4.
Colos. 2.
Dayes and
tyme indif-
ferent.
Meates in-
different with
thakf-
giving.
Marriage
lawfull for
all men.
One sacri-
fice for sinne
& no more.
Heb. 9.
The vse of
the holye
communione
in auncient
tyme of
the primi-
tive church.

No mo Sa-
cramentes
mentioned
in S.Paule,
but the
Lordes sup-
per and bap-
tisme.
The autho-
ritie and of-
fice of the
ciuell Ma-
gistrates.

The office
and autho-
ritie of By-
shops how
farre it doth
extend.

and soules as slaves and servants to be subiect to the feare
or bondage of any terrine thing in this world, so alsmuch
as we are in that part made Lordes and Princes over all
things wholouer can harme or binde, or terrifie vs. Ga.
4. Coloff. 2.

ii. Item, the right vayne of S. Paules doctrine putteth
no difference nor obseruation in dayes and tyme.

Gal. 4. Col. 2.

12. Item, it leaueth all meates to be indifferent, wth
thankes givynge, to serue the necessarie of the body, and not
the body to serue them. Col. 2. 1. Tim. 4.

13. Item, it permitted marriage without restraint or ex-
ception, lawfull and also expedient for all men, having
neede thereof. 1. Cor. 7.

14. Item, it admitteth no sacrifice for sinne but the sacri-
fice of Christ alone, and that done once for all with bloud.

For without bloud there is no remission of sinne, which
only is applied to vs by faith, & by nothing els. Heb. 9.
15. Item, as touching the holy Communion, by the let-
ters of S. Paule to the Cor. i. we understande, that the
vle then amongst them was, to haue the participation of
the bread called the Lordes body, and of the cup called the
Lordes bloud, administered not at an altar, but at a plaine
bord or table, the congregation there meeting together af-
ter the tyme of their supper & where not the minister alone
did recane and the other looked on, but the whole congrega-
tion togidher did communicate with reverence & thankes
givynge, not lifting ouer the prelates head, nor worship-
ping, nor kneeling, nor knocking their brestes, but esthet
lying at the supper, or standing after the supper. Accor-
ding to which forme the S. Gouernours yet to this day follo-
wyng the old rite of the Country (although being draw-
nede otherwise in much superstition) vle to recane it after
they be risen from their dinner standing. Experience wher-
or was seene here at London the first day of October, 159.

16. Item, the sayde Apostle, heldes the sacramental sup-
per maketh mention of Baptisme, or washing of regene-
ration, although he himselfe Baptised but few. 1. Cor. 1. of
the other sacraments he maketh no mention.

17. Item, by the same doctrine of S. Paule no tongue is
to be vied in the congregation which is not knowne, and
doth not edifie. 1. Cor. 14.

18. Item, the rule of S. Paules doctrine subiecteth every
creature vnder the obedience of Kinges and Princes and
ordinary Magistrates ordaineid of God to haue the sword
and armourie of publike regiment to order and dispone in
all things not contrary to God, & to the correction of the
evil: from whose iurisdiction there is no exemption of va-
cations of persons, whether they be Ecclesiasticall or po-
litical. And therfore to this office apperteineth to preserue
peace, to set things in lawfull order, to auoyde Christian
discipline in the Church of Christ, to remoue offences, to
bride the dilobedient, to prouide and procure wholesome
and fachfull teachers ouer the people, to maintaine learn-
ing and set vp scholes, to haue oversight not onely of the
people, but also of all Ecclesiasticall ministers to see to eu-
ry one to do his due, & to remoue or punysh such as be
negligent: also to call Councils and Synodes, & to pro-
uide the Church-godes to be faithfullye dispensed by the
handes of true dealers, to the iustification of the Churche,
of true teachers, & to the publike necessarie of the poore, &c.

19. Furthermore, by S. Paules doctrine, the Ministers
and superintendentes of Christes Church haue their au-
thoritie and armourie like wise to them limited, which au-
thoritie is onely spiritual, and not carnal, whereby they fight
not against flesh & bloud, but against the power of darke-
nes, errour, and sinne against the spiritual seduction and
craftes in heauenly things, against the works and mo-
vements of Sarathan the Prince of this worlde, in comfor-
ting weak consciences against the terrors of the deuill, and
desperation, and finally against every cogitation lifted vp
against Christ, to subdue every celitude to the subiectioun
and power of Christ Jesu the sonne of God.

An other briefe recapitulation of the same

Briefly and in a compendious summe to reduce the
whole doctrine of S. Paule, in these five pointes chie-
lic it consisteth.

1. First, in setting forth the grace, great loue and good
will, and free promyses of God the Father in Christ Jesu
his sonne to mankinde, which so loued the worlde, that he
hath givyn his owne sonne for the redemption thereof.
John. 3. which gave his sonne to die for vs being his en-
emies. Rom. 5. which hath quickned vs being dead in sinnes.

Ephes. 1. which so mercifully hath reconciled the world to
himselfe by his sonne, and also by his ambassadours des-
erte vs to be reconciled unto him, 2. Cor. 5. who hath givē
his owne sonne to be sinne for vs. 2. Cor. 5. to be accursed
for vs. Gal. 3. which by sinne promise hath assyred vs of
our inheritance. Rom. 4. which not by the works of righ-
teousnes that we haue done, but of his owne mercy hath
fauored vs by the washing of regeneration. Tit. 3. &c.

2. The seconde point consisteth in preaching and exprei-
sing the glorious and triumphant Maiestie of Christ Je-
sus the Sonne of God, and the excellency of his glory, who
being once dead in the infirmitie of flesh rose againe wth
power, attending vp with maiestie, hath led away capti-
uite captive, Eph. 4. setteth and reignteth in glory on the
right hand of God in heauenly thinges, aboue all principi-
pates and potestates, powers and dominations, & aboue
every name that is named, not only in this world, but also
in the world to come, Eph. 1. In whose name euery kneec
hath to bende both in heauen and in earth, and under the
earth, and euery tongue to confess our Lord Christ Jesu
to be of the glory of God the Father. Phil. 2. In whome
and by whome all things are made both in heauen and in
earth, thinges visible & invisible, whether they be thrones
or dominations, or principiates, or potestates, all are by him
and for him created, and he is before all, & all thinges con-
sist in him, who is the head of his body the Churche, the
beginning and first borne from the dead, in whome dwel-
leth all fullnes. Col. 1. To whome the Father hath givē all
judgement, and iudgeth no man himselfe any more. Joh. 5
To whom the Father hath givē all things to his hands
John. 13. To whome the Father hath givē power of all
flesh. John. 17. To whome all power is givē in heaven
and in earth. Mach. v. In whome be all the promises of
God. Est. 8. Amen. 2. Cor. 1.

3. Thirdly, he declareth the vertue of his Crosse & Pas-
sion, and that what exceeding benefites procede to vs by
the same. By whose bloud we haue redempcion & remis-
sion of our sinnes. Ephel. 1. By whose stripes we are made
whole. Exay. 53. By whose Crosse all thinges are pacified,
both in heauen and in earth. Col. 1. By whose death we
are reconciled. Ro. 5. who hath destroyed death, & brought
life to light. 1. Timot. 1. why by death hath destroyed him
which had the power of death, that is, the devill, and hath
delivered them which liued vnder feare of death all they-
lfe in bondage. Heb. 2. By whose obedientie we are made
full: by whose righteousnes we are iustified to life. Rom.
5. By whose curse we are blessed, and delivred from the
malediction of the law. Bala. 3. By whose bloud we that
once were farre off, are made neare vnto God. Ephel. 5.
who in our body haue reconciled both Jewes & Gentiles
vnto God. Eph. 2. Who by his flesh hath taken away the
division and separation betwene God and vs, abolishing
the law which was set against vs in preceptes & deccrees.
Ephel. 2. who is our peace, our aduocate, and propitiatio-
n for the sinnes of the whole worlde. 1. John. 2. who was
made accursed, & staine for vs, that we might be the righte-
ousnes of God in him. 2. Cor. 5. Who is made of God for
vs, our wisedome and righteousness, & sanctification, and
redemption. 1. Cor. 1. By whom we haue boldnes, and eu-
traunce with all confidence through faith in him. Ephel. 3.
Who forgiueneth all our sinnes, and hath borne a peccetis the
obligation or handwrting, which was against vs in the
law of commandementes, and hath crucified it vpon the
Crosse, & therby hath dispatched and abolished the same,
and hath spoiled principiates and potestates, as in an open
fielde of conquest, euincing ouer them openly in himselfe. Col. 2. who iustifieth the wicked by faith. Ro. 4. In
whom we are made full and complete. Col. 1. &c.

4. The fourth branche is, to teach and informe vs (to whom
these benefites of Christes passion and victory do apper-
tene) by what meanes the same is applied & resoundeth
into vs: which meanes is onely one, that is onely faith,
in Christ Jesu, and no other thing, which faith is pleaseth
almyghtie God, to acceptor righeteousnes. And this righ-
teousnes it is, which onely standeth before God and none
other, as we are plainly taught by the Scriptures, and es-
pecially by the doctrine of S. Paule, which righeteousnes
thus riseth of faith in Christ. S. Paule calleth the righ-
teousnes of God, where he speakeith of himselfe, therby re-
flecteth the other righeteousnes which is of the lawe, that the
mighty be found in him, not hauing his owne righeteousnes
which is of the lawe. But the righeteousnes of Christ, which
is of faith. Phil. 3. Again, the sayde Apostle writing of the
Jewes, which sought for righeteousnes and found it not:
and also of the Gentiles, which sought not for it, and yet
found it, sheweth the reason whiche because (faith he) the
one sought it as by wordes and the lawe, and came not to

The great mer-
cy of God in
Christ.

Rom. 5.
2. Cor. 5.
Ephel. 1.
Rom. 4.

Tit. 3.
The glory and
Maiestie of
Christ Jesu see
forth in Sanct
Paul.

Phil. 2.

Colof. 1.
John. 5.
John. 13.
John. 17.
Math. viii.

2. Cor. 1.
The 3. braunch
The vertue and
effect of Christ
death, and what
exceeding bene-
fites procede
thereof.
Ephel. 1.
Exay. 53.
Colof. 1.
Rom. 5.
2. Timo. 1.
Heb. 2.
Rom. 5.
Gal. 3.
Ephel. 2.

1. John. 2.

2. Cor. 5.

1. Cor. 1.

Ephel. 3.

Colof. 2.
Rom. 4.
Colof. 2.

The fourth
braunch.

Faych onely the
meanes cause of
salvation and
nothing els.

Phil. 3.
The righeteous-
nes of the lawe.