in parchment bosowed once of J.B. which boke centers tung divers auncient records of the buinerlitie : feemeth to belong sometimes to the library of the Universitie, bearing the years of the compiling thereof. 1396. Which computation if it be true, then was it written of him or that he recauted before Thomas Arundell Archbishop at Saltwood, where he was imprisoned. Whereunto I thought also to annere, a certaine godly and molt frutefull Sermon, of like antiquitie, preached at Paules croffe much about the fame time, which was in the yeare of our A.010, 1388, by a certaine learned clerke, as Ifind in one old monument, named 18. wimbeldon, Albeit, among the auncient registers and records belonging to the Archbis thop of Canterbury: I have an old worne copy of the laid Sermon, written in very old English, and almost halfe consumed with age: purporting the laid autor heereof hearing also the foresayd name. The true copy of which Sermon, in his owne fpeech wherein it was firft fpoken and preached at the croffe, on the Sonday of Quinquage-fina, and after exhibited to the Archbilhop of Canterburic (being then as it seemeth william Courtney) here fo= loweth.

A Sermon no lesse godly then learned, preached at Paules Crosse on the Sonday of Quinquagesima. ann. 1389. by R.Wimbeldon.

Redderationem Gillicationis tua. Luce. x Gi.

Math.20. The termon of R.Wimbeldon.

My dere frends, ye challen understond: that Chust au-tor and doctour of tructh, in his boke of the Gospell (likening the kingdome of heaven to anhousholder) faith on this maner. Like is the kingdome of hencu to au houlholding man, that went out first on the mozous to hire workernen into his vine. Also, about the third, firt, nienth and enleuente houres be went out, and found men Conductivel. And sayd to them. Bo ye into min vine= perde, and that right is, I wille gene you. Whan the day was ago, he clepid his stuward and high to geue eche man apeny.

The calling diners.

The spirituall understanding of this housholder, is our Lord Iefu Christ that is head of the houshold of holy Church. And thus clepith men in diverce houres of the day, that is in diverce agees of the werld. As in time of law of kinde, he cleped by enspirying, Abel, Ennok, Noe, and Abraham. In time of the old law, Moses, Dauid, Ilay, and Ieremy. And in time of grace, Apostles Martyrs, and Confessours and Virgines. Also he cleped men in diners an gees, some on childhode, as Iohn Baptist: some on state of wexing, as Iohn the Euangelist: some in state of manhoode, as Peter and Andrew: and some in old agee as Gamaliel, and Ioseph of Arimathie. And all these he clepeth to trauaile in his vine, that is the Church, and that in divers maner. For right as yee feeth, that in tilling of the materiall vine there ben diuers labours, for some kutten awey the voyde braunches, some maken forkis and railes to beren vp the vine, and some diggen away the olde earth fro the rote, and leyn there fatter. And all this offices ben so neceffary to the vine, that if any of them faile, it shall harme greatly, other destroy the vine: For but if the vine be kutte, she shall waxe wilde, but if the be rayled the thall be overgo with netles and wedis. And but if the rote be fatted with donge, thee for feblenes shuld waxe baraine.

Right fo in the Church beth nedefull thes three offices, priefthood, knythode, and laborers. To priefts it falleth, to kut away the void braunches of finnes with the fwerd of her tong. To knighthode it falleth to letten wronges, and thefftes to ben done, and to maintaine Goddis law, and them that ben teachers therof, and also to kepe the londe from enemies of other londes. And to labourers it falleth, to trauail bodelich, and with ther fore swete, geten out of the earth bodillech lifelode for hem, and other parties. And these states beth also nedefull to the Church, that none may well ben without other, for if priesthod lacked, the people for default of knowing of Gods lawe, should waxe wilde in vices, and deven goftely. And if the knithod laked, and men to rulin the puple by law and hardinesse, theeues and enemies shulden so encres that no man shuld live in peace. And if the laborers were nought, both knightes and priestes must bicome acre men and herdis:and els, they shuld for defaute of bodily sustenaunce deve. And therfore faith clerk Auicenne, that every vnreasonable best if he have that that kind hath ordeined for him: as kinde hath ordeined it: he is suffisaunce to line by himselfe without any helpe of other of the same kind. As if there were but one horse other one shepe in the world, yet if he had grasse and corne as kind hath ordeined for fuch bealtes, he shuld live well I now. But if there ne were but Oman in the world, though he had all that good that is therein, yet for defaut he shuld deie, or his life shuld be wors that if he were naught, & the cause is this for that thing that kind ordeineth for a mans sustenaunce, without other arraieng than

it hath of kind, accordeth nought to him. As though a man haue corne as it commeth from the earth, yet it is no meate according to him, vnto it be by mans craft, chaunged into bread: and though he have flesh other fish, yet while it is rawe as kinde ordeined it, till it be by mans trausile fodden, rofted, or baken, it cordit not to mans lifelode. And right so, wolle that the sheepe beareth mot by mannis diuers craftis and trauailes be chaunged or it be abie to cloth any man; and certis O man by himfelfe, shuld never doo all these laboures. And therefore faith this clerke; it is neede that fome be acre men, fome bakers, fome makers of cloth, and fome marchaunts to fetch that, that on londe fetteth from an other there it is plentie.

And certis this shuld be a cause why, every state shuld love other. And men of o craft shuld not despite ne hate men of none other craft, fith they be so nedefull euerich to other. And oft thelke craftes that ben most vnhonest, might worst ben forbore : and o thing I dare well say that he that is neither transiling in this world, on studieng, on praiers, on preaching, for helpe of the peo-ple as it falleth to prifts, neither ruling the people, mainteining ne defending fro enemies as it falleth to knights, neither traueling on the earth, in diuerie craftes, as it falleth to labourers: Whan the day of rekening commeth that is, the end of this life, right as he lived here withouten travaile, so he shall there lack the reward of the penie, that is, the endles ioie of heauen. And as he was here living after none state ne order, so he shall be put than in that place that no order is in, but everlasting horror and sorow, that is in hell. Herfore, everiche man se to what state God hath cleped him, and dwell he therin by trauaile according to his degree. Thou that art a laborer or a crafty man, do this truelly. If thou art a seruaunt or a bond man, be suget and lowe in drede of 2. Cot. 7 displeasing of thy Lord If thou art a marchaunt, disceiue nought 1. Peter. 2. thy brother in chaffering. If thou art a knight or a Lord, defend the poore man and needy fro handes that will harme them. If thou art a Iustice or a Iudge, go not on the right hand by fauour, Prou. 8.
neyther on the left hand, to punish any man for hate, If thou art a 2. I im. 4. priest, vndernime, praye, and repreue, in all maner patience and doctrine. Vnderuime thilke that ben negligent, pray for thilke that bene obedient, reproue tho that ben vnobedient to God. So enery man transile in his degree. For whan the euen is come, that is; the end of this worlde: than energy man shall take reward, good or enill, after that he hath transiled here.

The wordes that I have taken to make of my fermon, be thus miche to fay! Yelde reconing of thy bayly, Christ autour of pitye and louer of the faluation of his people, in the proces of this gof-pell enfourmeth every man what is his baylye, by maner of a parable of a bayly that he speaketh of, to aray him to answer of the goodes that God hath taken him, when the day of straight recoming shall be come, that is the day of dome. And so I at this tyme thorowe the helpe of God, following him that is so great a maifter of autoritie, because that I know nothing that should more drawe away mans vnreasonable loue fro the passing ioy of thys world, then the minde of the dreadfull reconing. As much as suffice, I shall shewe you how ye shall dispose you to avoide the vengeaunce of God, when ther shalbe time of so straight doome, that we shall geue reconing of euery idle word that we have ispoken. For than it shall be said to vs, and we shall not flee it: Yelde reco-

ning of thy bayly.

But for forther proces of this first party of this sermon, yee shall wete: that there shall be three baylifes that shall be cleped to this straight reconing. Twaine to answer for them selfe and for other, that bene priests that have cure of mens soules, & temporal me that have governayle of people: and the thirde baylyf shall acount onely for himselfe, and that is everye Christen man, of that he hath received of God. And every of these shall aunswer to three questions: To the first question, how hast shou entred? The Three questions second, how hast thou ruled: And to the third, how hast thou liued? And if thou canst well assoile these three questions, was there never none earthly Lord that ever so well rewarded his seruant without comparison, as thy Lord God shal reward thee, that is with bliffe, and loye, and life that euer shall last. But on that other fide, and thou wilt now be recheles of thine owne welfare, and take none heede of this reconing: If that day take thee sodainly, so that the u passe hence in deadly sinne (as thou worst neuer what shall fall thee) all the toungs that euer were, or euer shall be, mow not tell the forrowe and wo that thou shalt ever be in, and fuffer. Therefore, the defire of so great ioy, and the dread of so great paine, thoughe loue ne dread of God were not in thine hart : yet should that make thee afeard to sinne, for to thinke that thou shalt give reconing of thy bayly. Therefore as I say to thee, the first question that shall be proposed to the first bayly, that is a prelat other a Curat of mens foules, is this: How hast thou entred? Math.xxij. Friend, how entredst thou hether? Who brought thee in to this office? Truth or Symony? God or the Deuill? Grace or mony? The flesh or the spirit? Give thou thy reconing if thou canst. If thou canst not, I rede that thou tary for to learne. For vp hap ere night thoussalt be cleped. And if thou stande dombe for vn-

B B.iiij.

I.Thef. 4.

The first.

Against Simony

kunning.