

The Popes do  
ctrine repug-  
nant to it selfe.

Veri. Well, but when gane Christe the Sacrement to hys Discipulus; before he arose from death or after? Cust. You know your selfe he gane it before his resurrectiōn, the night before he suffered hys passion.

Veritie. Why then, me thinketh he gane the Sacrement at that time, when his body was not spirituall.

Cust. Euen so.

Veri. And was every portion of the Sacrement deli to the Apostles, and receaued into their mouches the very reall and substantiall body of Christ?

Cust. Yea doubtles.

Veri. Marke well what ye haue said, for you haue graunted me great repugnance. First you say that no body being not spirituall can be in sundry places at once. Then say you that at the manid Christes body was not spirituall; and yet hold you that he was there present visible before the Apostles eyes, and in ech of theyv handes and mouches all at one tyme; which graunts of yours are not agreeable. But I will gather a better and a more formall reason of your wordes, in this sort.

Fer. No body being reall, naturall, and organical, and not spirituall, can be in many places at once.

ri. Christes body in the Sacrement was in the Apostles handes and mouches at one tyme, which were manye places:

son. Ergo, Christes body in the sacrament was not a reall, naturall, and organical body, but spirituall.

Cust. In dedee you haue driven me into the straites before I was ware of you, and I knowe not howe I may escape your handes honestly. But the best retinge that I haue, is thys, that I will not beleue you.

Veri. I desire you not to geue credence to me. Beleue the worde of God, yea beleue your owne beliefe, for they bothe witness against you that Christes body is taken vp into heauen, and there shal remaine until he come to Judge.

Cust. Tush, what speake you of the word of God? There be many darke sayings therein, which evrye man can not attaine to.

Veri. I graunt you there be certaine obscure places in the scripture, yet not so obscure but that a man wyth the gracie of God may perceiue: for it was wrytten not for Angels, but for men. But as I understand Custome medleth but liitle with Scripture, How say you by S. Augustine, S. Hierom, S. Ambrose, what if they stand on our side?

Cust. No, no, I know them well enough.

Veri. So welas you know them, for all old acquaintance, if they be called to witness, they will geue evidence against you. For S. Augustine communly in every of his bookes, but chiefly in an Epistle to his frende Dordanus, declareth that Christes body is placed in one rounme. I maruell you be not nearer of his counsel. His words are these: Noli dubitate ibi nunc esse hominem Christum Iesum, vnde venturus est. Memoriterque recole & fideliter crede Christianam confessionem: quoniam resurrexit, ascendit in celum, sedet a dextris Dei patris, nec aliundē quam inde venturus est, ad viuos mortuosque iudicandos. Et venturus est in eadem corporis substantia: cui immortalem dedit, naturam non abfuit. Secundum hanc formam non est putandus vbiique diffusus. Caudendum enim est, ne ita diuinitatem astruanus hominis, vt humanitatem amittamus Dei. i. Do not doute the man Iesus Christ to be there, sc̄d whence he shall come. And remember well, and faithfully beleue the Christian confession, that he is risen, ascended into heauen, sitteth at the right hande of God the father, and from thence shal come & from no other place, to judge the quicke and the dead. And shall come in the same substance of body, to the which he gaue immortallity, and toke not the nature from it. After this forme he is to be thought not to be dispersed in all places, for we must beware so to defend his Diuinitie, that we destroy not his humanitie. And in an other place of the same Epistle. Vna persona Deus & homo, & vtrumque est unus Christus. Vbiique per id quod Deus, in celo autem per id quod homo. Likewise upon the 14. Psalme. Non seculum finiatur sursum est Dominus: sed etiam hic nobiscum est veritas Domini. Corpus enim in quo resurrexit, in uno loco esse oportet, veritas autemius vbiique diffusa est. i. While the world shall last, the Lorde is above, and alio the verity of the Lorde is with vs. For the body wherewith he rose againe must be in one place. But the verity of him is every where dispersed. In like manner wryteth Damasus an olde Bishop of Rome in his Credo. Deuictis mortis imperijs, cum ea carne in qua natus, & passus est, & resurrexit, ascendit in celum, manente eadem natura carnis in qua natus & passus est. S. Ambrose wrytting vpon the 10. chapter of Luke recordeth the same: Ergo, nec supra terram, nec in terra, nec secundum terram querere debemus Dominum, si volumus inuenire. Non enim supra terram queſuit qui stantem ad Dei dextram vidit. Maria que-

rebat in terra tangere Christum & non potuit. Stephanus tetigit quia querebat in celo. i. Wherefore, neither aboue the earth, nor vpon the earth, nor according to the earth we oughte to seeke the Lorde, if we wil finde him: For he did not leke hym aboue the earth, which did see him sitting at the right hande. And Marie sought vpon the earth to touch Christ and coulde not. Stephen touched hym, because he soughte hym in heauen. S. Hierome in an Epistle to Marcella, p̄meteth that the body of Christ must needes be contained in some place, for he sayeth; Veri Dei est vbiique esse: veri hominis alibi esse. i. The property of God is to be every where, the proprieſt of man is to be in one place. The same Hierome in an other place calleth it a foolish thing to seeke for him in a narowe place, or in a corner, which is the lyghte of all the worlde: Stultum est eum paruo in loco, vel abscondito querere, quia totius mundi est lumen. i. Foolishnes it is, in a small place or in a hidde corner to seeke hym which is the lyghte of all the whole worlde. Origine sayeth likewise: Audiendi non sunt qui Christum demonstrant in cibis. i. They are not to be heard, which shewe Christ in cibis. The same also recordeth Beda, wrytting vpon these wordes of Christ: Now a little while shal you see me. He speakeſ in Christes person. Therefore (sayeth he) shall you fee me but a little while after my resurrection, because I will not ſtill abide in the earth bodily, but in the manhoode which I haue taken, will acende vp to heauen. What needeth moze wordes. All the olde fathers witnesseth the ſame. You may by theſe ſome iudge the rest. Howe to retorne to the matter, ſeeing that the worde of God in many and fundy places, the Credo, and the abridgement of the faith, ſeeing all the olde fathers do constantly agree in one, that the body of Christ is acended into heauen, and there remaineth at the right hande of the father, and cannot be moze then in one place, I doe conclude that the Sacrement is not the body of Christ: first because it is not in heauen, neyther ſitteth at the fathers right hande: mozeouer, because it is in an hundred, thouſande boxes, where as Christes body ſitteth but one place. Furthermore, if the bread were turned into the body of Christ, then woulde it necessarily followe, that ſinners and vnguenten persons receive the body of Christ.

Cust. Marie, and ſo they do. For Paule ſaith plainly, that they receive the body of Christ to their owne conuulfion. Veri. No not ſo. There are not Paules wordes, but hec sayeth: Who ſo eateth of this bread, and drinketh of thyſ cuppe vneworthely, eareth and drinketh his owne condenmation, not iudging the bodye of the Lorde. Here he calleth it in playn wordes breade. And althouȝhe the Sacramente be very dread, yet doeth the iniurie redounde to the body of Christ. As if a man breake the kynges Mace, or brende the boade ſtale vnder his ſtoe, althoȝhe he haue broken and defaced nothinge but bluer and ware. Yet is the iniurie the kynges, and the doer ſhall be taken as a Traitor. Saint Ambroſe declareth the meaninge of Saint Paule by theſe wordes. Reus est corporis Domini, qui poenas dabit mortis Christi, quoniam irritum fecit mortem Domini. The caufe of the ordinance therof was the remembrance of the death of Christ, which who ſo forgettereth, receueth the Sacrement to their condenmation. That ſame witnesseth S. Augustine. For the Sacrement, layeth he, is an outward token of loue and charite. For like as many graines of corne are become one pece of bread, even ſo they that receive it ought to be one. Then layeth he. Mysterium pacis ac vnitatis nobis Christus in mensa sua conſecravit. Quid accepit mysterium vnitatis, & non ſeruat vnitatem, non mysterium accepit pro ſe, ſed testimonium contra ſe. See that reader the Gospell, where in is declared the paſſion and death of Christ, & ſitteth contrary to the Gospell, ſhall doubtleſſe be the more gilty of the death of Christ, because he bareth and readereth the word of God, and regardeth it not. In a certayne countrey the maner is, that when the Gospell is read, the king ſhall ſtand vp with a naked ſword in his hand, declaring therby that he bareth his ſword in defence of the Gospell. But if he himſelfe opprefeth the Gospell, he bareth the ſword againſt himſelfe, for the Gospell ſhall turne to his iudgement, and condenmation. So wil Christ ſo muche extremeſly puniſh a man, which knowing him ſelue to be wicked and without repenteſſe, and therefore none of the flocke of Christ, yet notwithstanding will impudently creepe into the company of Christian men, & receive the Sacramentes with them, as though he were one of the number. And this meant S. Paule by the vneworthy receiving of the Sacrement of Christes body. Wherefore a man maye vneworthely take the Sacrement, and be gilty of the death of Christ, although he receive not Christes body into hys mouche, & chawte it with his teeth. But what if I proue that euerye Walling priest is gilty of the body and bloud of Christ?

Cust. I dare ſay, you can not proue it. Veri. But if I do proue it, will you beleue me.

Hieron. ad  
Marcellam.

Hieron.

Origines.  
Beda in 17.  
cap.Ioan.

The Sacra-  
ment is not  
the reall bo-  
dy of Christ  
and why.

The wicked  
receive not  
the body of  
Christ.

Ambrosius.

Augustinus.

The place  
of S. Paule,  
of receiving  
vneworthely,  
expounded.

The Papistes  
though they be  
conuict, yet  
they will not  
believe.

Custum med-  
leth but little  
with Scripture.

August. ad Dar-  
danum.

Augustibid.

August. in  
Pſal. 14.

Damasus.

Ambros. in 10.  
cap. Luc.